

公共政策考題（每題 25 分）

1. 請試分析學者羅威(Theodore Lowi)及賽里斯博瑞 (Robert H. Salisbury)化分之四種公共政策類型(public policy types)：分配型政策(distributive policy)、管制型政策(regulative policy)、再分配型政策(re-distributive policy) 及自我規範性政策(self-regulative policy)之意義及性質，並分別予以評估。
2. 請列舉並簡單說明資訊社會中公共政策的議題。
3. 有人說：「民主國家的政策制訂應以民意為依歸」，比方說，我們應以公民投票的方式決定政府的施政。但是，如果人民的意願窒礙難行，請你以一個政策制訂的立場，敘述一些可能的作法。
4. Suppose that market interest rates are higher in Italy than they are in Japan
 - (i) Does this information give you any idea of which of the two countries is likely to have higher inflation in the near future? Explain why or why not.
 - (ii) Does this information give you any idea of which of the two countries is likely to have the higher unemployment rate in the near future? Explain why or why not.
 - (iii) Does this information give you any idea of which of the two countries is likely to have the higher trade deficit in the near future? Explain why or why not. (中文作答，英文作答亦可)